

### Business Directory.

#### NEWMARKET

##### Store, Copper, Tin, Sheet Iron, and Japan Warehouse.

RETURNING thanks for the liberal patronage bestowed on the firm of HODGE & SON, the undersigned respectfully informs his customers and the public generally that the business will hereafter be conducted by

### J. & J. HODGE,

And having lately purchased those commodious premises lately occupied by Mrs. SARAH DAVIS, our Shop has been removed to the e. where will be found, constantly on hand a large assortment of COOKING, PARLOR AND BOX STOVES, Of the newest designs and latest patterns; Japanned and Pressed Tin Ware; China Pans, and Lead Piping. Copper, Tin and Sheet Iron Ware manufactured to order on the shortest notice and on the most reasonable terms. Persons wishing to purchase anything in the above line of business, will find it greatly to their advantage to call and examine this Stock before selecting elsewhere.

NEWARK, Dec. 25, 1856. M-47

### F. W. BATHURICK,

#### TEACHER of Music, Newmarket, C. W.

United to order, in Town or Country, by the shortest notice. Residence—House of Mr. Brodie, Newmarket, Sept. 6, 1855. M-31

### J. SAXTON,

#### WATCH and Clock Maker, Main Street Newmarket.

All kinds of Watches and Clocks repaired in order, and Warranted. WANTED—An Apprentice to learn the Business. Newmarket, September 9, 1853. M-32

### BIBLE DEPOSITORY.

BIBLES and Testaments can be had at Society's prices, upon application to Thomas Nixon, at the Bible Depository, opposite Howitt's Hotel. Newmarket, March 26, 1856. M-19

### GEORGE B. HUTCHCROFT,

#### Wagon, Carriage & Sleigh Maker,

MAIN STREET NEWMARKET. All Orders executed with dispatch. Newmarket, Feb. 6, 1856. M-501

### New Wagon and Carriage Shop.

THE Undersigned respectfully intimates to his friends and the public generally that he has lately opened

### WAGON AND CARRIAGE SHOP,

In his new premises, Simcoe Street, near the Catholic Church, where will be prepared to execute all orders in which he may be favored, with neatness and dispatch.

Call and examine the work and hear the prices before purchase elsewhere.

ROBERT MURRAY. Newmarket, May 29, 1856. M-17

### THOMAS NIXON,

#### Licensed Auctioneer,

For the Townships of Whitby, King and West Guilford.

GOODS of all descriptions sold on Commission, at the Auction Mart of the Subscriber, on the first Monday of every month.

Auction Sale attended in the above Townships.

THOMAS NIXON. Newmarket, Feb. 9, 1857. M-3

### DR. BENTLEY,

#### PHYSICIAN, SURGEON AND ACCOUCHEUR,

NEWMARKET.

Office—Water Street, foot of Main Street. Feb. 29, 1857. M-3

### Franklin House,

Seneca & Elliott Streets, Buffalo, N. Y. Proprietors.

E. YOUNGLOVE AND G. E. L. JACKSON.

### Jas. McClure & Henry Croxon,

#### HOLLAND LANDING,

LICENSED Auctioneers for the Counties of York, Ontario and Simcoe. All Orders Promptly attended.

### Armstrong House,

#### ADJOINING THE RAILWAY DEPOT

And nearest House to the Steamboat Landing, COLLINGWOOD.

G. W. ARMSTRONG, PROPRIETOR. July 8, 1857. M-32

### Just Printed,

AND for Sale at this Office, BLANK MANUSCRIPT Certificates, adapted to the use of Ministers of all Denominations. Prices per dozen, or 60 3d per 100.

Newmarket, March 26, 1857.

### MILLINERY.

THE MISS VERNONS

HAVING opened a Millinery and Dress-making Establishment, nearly opposite the North American Hotel, Newmarket, solicit the patronage of the Ladies.

Newmarket, May 29, 1857. M-17

### RAILROAD HOTEL,

#### NEWMARKET.

THE Proprietor having again resumed the above HOTEL, respectfully intimates to the travelling public that the premises have undergone a thorough repair, and is now prepared for the reception of guests. The Hotel contains a large number of the best Beds, and the Ladies' Ward.

JAS. FORSYTH. Newmarket, Oct. 14, 1857. M-37

### G. A. WALLACE,

#### TANNER,

Two doors North of M. W. Bogart's Store, MAIN STREET NEWMARKET.

Newmarket, Oct. 23d, 1857. M-34

### MAGISTRATE'S BLANKS,

Of all descriptions, on hand for sale. Apply at the NEW ERA OFFICE.

Newmarket, June 9, 1856.

### Business Directory.

#### John T. Stokes,

#### ARCHITECT &c., &c.,

Sharon, Jan. 25, 1856. M-31

### GEO. HUGHES,

#### COMMISSIONER for taking Affidavits in the Queen's Bench, for the Counties of York, Peel and Simcoe, Conveyancer, &c., &c.

Brownsville, April, 1857. M-14

### T. Bishop & Son,

#### BRICK-LAYERS, Plasterers and Stone Masons,

Dealers in Lime, &c., &c. Main Street, Newmarket, May 7, 1857. M-14

### DR. E. VERNON,

#### AURORA,

RESIDENCE—formerly occupied by Dr. Galt. Aurora, March 17, 1857. M-16

### CHARLES MORTIMER, M. D.,

#### PHYSICIAN, SURGEON AND ACCOUCHEUR,

AURORA. M-16

### DR. M. RANNEY,

#### PHYSICIAN, SURGEON AND ACCOUCHEUR,

SHARON. M-16

### A. ROULTBEE,

#### BARRISTER, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., &c.,

Newmarket, Oct. 9th, 1855. M-36

### R. MOORE,

#### BARRISTER, Solicitor in Chancery, Attorney, Conveyancer, &c., &c.,

Office—in the New Court House, next to the County Council Office, Toronto. Toronto, June 5, 1857.

### JOHN R. JONES,

#### BARRISTER-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., &c.,

Office in Elgin Buildings, corner of Yonge and Adelaide Streets, Toronto. Toronto, June 20, 1855. M-31

### NORTH RICHARDSON,

#### CONVEYANCER, Land Agent, &c.,

Office—Old Stand, Prospect St. Valence of Inventions procured. Newmarket, 1855. M-1

### INTERNATIONAL

#### Life Assurance Society of London,

Capital—Half-a-Million Sterling. ROBERT H. SMITH, Agent. Newmarket, Nov. 3, 1855. M-41

### DR. PYNE,

#### PHYSICIAN, SURGEON AND ACCOUCHEUR,

RESPECTFULLY informs the public, that he has REMOVED to his new premises on Lydia Street, opposite the Woolen Factory, where he may be consulted at all hours, except when absent on professional business.

Newmarket, May 14, 1856. M-15

### DR. HACKETT,

#### PHYSICIAN, SURGEON, ACCOUCHEUR, &c.,

RESIDENCE—Prospect Street, (Garbutt Hill), Newmarket. M-16

### A. J. McCracken,

#### CARRIAGE MAKER, NEWMARKET,

HAVING recently located in this place, will keep constantly on hand a general assortment of CARRIAGES, such as BAROUCHES, ROCK-A-WAYS, Rough and Ready, Phaetons, Prince Alberts, Trotting Buggies, &c.

Repairing done in a neat and substantial manner. SHOP, ON MAIN STREET, Three doors South of the New Era Printing Office. Newmarket, April 15, 1857. M-11

### DONALD SUTHERLAND,

#### WATER STREET, NEWMARKET,

IMPORTER AND DEALER IN

Dry-Goods, Groceries, Hardware, BOOTS & SHOES, Ready-Made Clothing, China, Glass and Earthenware.

The highest price paid for Farm Produce. Cash for Wheat, Oats, &c. 7m17

### Unity Fire and Unity

#### General Insurance Associations,

OF ENGLAND,

FOR every description of Fire, and Life Assurance Business.

Capital, £2,500,000 Sterling. Chief Offices—Unity Buildings, Cannon St., London, England. Toronto Branch—Toronto Street.

J. W. MARSDEN, Agent for the Counties of York and Simcoe. Newmarket, July 31, 1857. M-33

### ROBERT BRODIE,

#### BUILDER, &c., &c.,

RETURNING thanks for the liberal patronage bestowed on the past few years, respectfully intimates that he is now prepared to contract for the

ERECTION OF BUILDINGS, and when required, find all Materials. Shop on Water Street. Newmarket, Oct. 9th, 1855. M-36

### DR. FLEMING,

#### SADDLE, HARNESS, and TRUNK MAKER,

MAIN STREET NEWMARKET.

CARRIAGES Trimmed, Topped, &c., in the Newest Style, and according to Order. R. Fleming having concluded to locate himself permanently in this place, he solicits a share of public patronage, as it is his determination to give his friends, and the public who may favor him with their custom, an article of the best quality and newest style, and at a moderate rate of charges. Suitable Farm Produce taken in exchange for Work. Newmarket, July 15, 1857. M-34

### E. D. ROGERS,

#### JOINER AND CARPENTER,

RETURNING thanks for the liberal patronage bestowed on the past few years, respectfully intimates that he is now prepared to contract for the

ERECTION OF BUILDINGS, of all descriptions, and furnish materials or otherwise, as may be agreed upon. He keeps constantly on hand, a good supply of Sash and Doors. All orders executed in a neat and substantial manner, and with dispatch. Newmarket, Sept. 24, 1857. M-34

### Poetry.

#### God shield the Poor this Winter.

God shield the poor this winter—The destitute and lone; May his arm, with tender mercy, Round each shivering form be thrown. He can play what he chooses; He can love, and still withhold; His blessings are unbounded, His mercies half-unfold.

May the poor, the third, the woe; Look with faith, note their God; May they bow with resignation, 'Neath a Father's chastening rod. A cloud may hide a sunbeam; A storm may hush a breeze; 'God's ways are all mysterious; They go sealed from mortal sight.

Come ye heart-sick, weary mortals, Seeking aid, come to Christ; He will grant you food in plenty, 'Without money—without price! He will hush the wild longings, Bid the storm of grief be still; Look with faith to God our Father, Bow resigned to his will.

God shield the poor this winter—Slavering by a scanty fire; May they look from earth to heaven, 'To a home that's holier, higher; Where the bread of life is plenty, To each longing soul is given; Cheer up, ye poor and needy—There is wealth for all in heaven.

### Literature.

#### BANG UP!

OR THE RESULT OF ADVERTISING.

CHAPTER I.

'Anything over, Ben?' 'Not a dollar; I just paid the Journal's bill for advertising, which has pretty much cleaned me out.'

'How much?' 'Forty-two dollars and twenty-five cents.'

'Ben! I don't like to tell you that you are the biggest fool on the street; but you are.'

'Wait Joe, and see,' returned the other, with a confident smile.

'Forty-two dollars for advertising?' 'The applicant for "anything over," gave a peculiar whistle to define the length, breadth and depth of his astonishment.

This conversation occurred in the store of Benjamin Weston; a young and enterprising merchant, who had just commenced business on his own account. The other person, who, to use his own classic expression, was 'bang up,' and wanted to borrow fifty dollars to make up the amount of a note due that day, was Joseph Weston, a cousin of the other. They had been playmates in youth and staunch friends in maturity. Though there was a great diversity of opinion on many topics, a strong sympathy existed between them.

They had commenced business at about the same time, and under the same circumstances, both being obliged, for the want of sufficient capital, to mortgage the stock in their respective stores.

Thus they had done well, and the prospect was, that both would become distinguished merchants.

They had married sisters, and occupied tenements in the same block. Their houses were furnished in substantially the same style, and with no material difference of expenditure. Both had been brought up to business habits, and educated in the principles of rigid economy.

'And if I had the money to spare, I would spend double that sum,' replied Ben.

'What benefit do you expect to realize from it?' 'You are behind the times, Joe. Bonnet! What a question! I expect to make a fortune by it.'

'Humbly?' 'Look at Brandegee and Swain.'

'Both humbugs.' 'No matter for that; if these fellows have been able to make princely fortunes by advertising humbug, how much more so will he who can sell substantial realities!'

'All gamblers!'

'We differ; time will tell who is in the right.'

'Seriously Ben, you will ruin yourself, if you go on in this manner. Forty-two dollars for advertising!'

'I shall spend a hundred the next quarter!'

'Don't do it, Ben.'

'How does it happen Joe, that you are in the street borrowing money? I never did such a thing since I commenced in business.'

'How does it happen Ben, that you haven't got any money to lend?' asked Joe with a smile.

'Because I spent it for advertising.'

'Better had it been spent for opera and 2-4-0.'

'Wait, Joe, wait.'

'I spent nothing for advertising; but I will bet you the oysters my sales for the last quarter are as large as yours.'

'I will take you on the next quarter.'

'Why not the last?'

Business prospered with the young men. By prudent and careful management, each had not only made a living, but been able to pay a small portion of the mortgage on the stock, at the end of the first year.

Joseph had the advantage of his friend in possessing a better location, and though the rent was somewhat higher, the difference was more than compensated by the increased facilities it had afforded him. If this business increased as it had done, he would be enabled to clear himself of debt in another year.

Under this encouraging aspect he ventured to spend a hundred dollars in addition to his furniture, which his wife insisted was absolutely necessary for their comfort and happiness. The house had been furnished too plain for this progressive age in her estimation. She was behind some of her friends who, she was sure, were doing no better than her husband.

Joseph was a little obstinate at first; but then there was something so decidedly comfortable in a set of stuffed chairs and a lounge that he did not hold out in his opposition. He was doing well, and the expenditure would not embarrass him.

With a new Brussels carpet, and new furniture, Mrs. Weston's little parlor looked exceedingly pleasant and comfortable. Besides, it looked as though her husband was prospering in business.

It was so very nice that the young wife could not bear the idea of having the parlor shut up so that no one could see it till the furniture had grown rusty; consequently she made up her mind that they must have a party.

Their friends had parties; why shouldn't they? It looked stingy not to have one. Mrs. Weston was an eloquent debater, and she gained the day in the matter. It is true, the party was not a very extravagant affair; but it cost Joe some fifty dollars. In the meantime, Ben had paid quite as much for advertising as his friend had for new furniture and the party. Joe laughed at him, and finally came to believe that he was insane, and would certainly come to ruin in another year.

Mrs. Ben Weston, too, felt decidedly unpleasant about the improvements, which had been going on in her sister's house.

'Why can't we have a rosewood table and a set of stuffed chairs, Benjamin?' asked she, pointing her pretty lips in a very unamiable position.

'Simply, my dear, because I cannot afford it,' replied the philosophical merchant.

'How can Joe afford it?'

'I presume he knows his own business best.'

'He has put over a hundred dollars into his house.'

'Ben whistled. "Other side of Jordan," and made no reply.'

'Don't buy some chairs.'

'No I can't.'

'You can afford it as well as Joe.'

'Perhaps I can.'

'Do buy some.'

'I should be very glad to gratify you, but I cannot take the money from my business. A year hence, if my business prospers with me, you shall have them.'

'I must spend a hundred dollars in advertising the next quarter.'

'How foolish!'

'Very foolish, my dear, but it must be done.'

'That's the way you throw your money away—you don't catch Joe to do such a thing as that.'

'True, but though he has the advantage of a corner store, I paid three hundred dollars more on my mortgage than he did.'

'Then you surely can afford the table and chairs.'

'Nay my dear, I will not spend a dollar for superfluities while I am in debt.'

Mrs. Ben Weston felt very bad about it, but her husband was firm, and she was forced to content herself with the plain furniture.

Mr. Joe Weston enjoyed her nice parlor until the novelty wore away, and then she discovered that there was a great many other articles wanted to make things look uniform. The two windows must have drapery curtains, a pier glass was needed, and some pictures were wanted to relieve the walls. Her husband, who had once exceeded the limits of his means, found no great difficulty in doing so again, and the things were bought.

But Joe had some scruples about it. His notes began to be troublesome, and every day he was in the street borrowing money. His business, too, had not met his expectations. Instead of increasing in the ratio of his last year's experience, it hardly held its own, and the poor fellow began to have some serious misgivings about the future.

Before the year had half expired, he was obliged to introduce a rigid system of retrenchment into his family and business affairs, in order to keep expenses within his income.

The result had exceeded his most sanguine expectations. His store was crowded with customers; with genuine, bona-fide customers; and with but small proportion of gossamers and fancy shoppers. The people had borne to the best families in the city and country, full descriptions of his stock. His name was as familiar as 'household words' in the dwellings of rich and poor, or the farmer, the mechanic and the laborer.

Truly, the harvest was abundant, and Ben rubbed his hands with delight as he cast his eye over the figures which conveyed to him the pleasing result of his year's operations. He had the means of not only clearing himself of debt, but also of gratifying his wife with all the new furniture she required, besides some little surplus with which to increase his business.

The furniture was bought and set up, every debt was discharged, and the importers and jobbers were eager to give him unlimited credit.

One day while he was ruminating upon this pleasant state of things, Joe Weston entered the store. For some months past, the intercourse between the young merchants had not been as cordial as formerly. Joe's nice things had rather set him up, and of the upper ten had condescended to visit him, and he attended the Alma parties with his wife.

He was getting sick of fast in his own estimation, and cherished a supreme contempt for the slow motion of his friend. But when, in the middle of the year, he found himself rushing down hill, and discovered that Ben's store was crowded with shoppers, while his own was empty; a feeling of envy took possession of him. 'Ben must be underestimating,' he concluded, and sooner or later the consequence would appear. The prosperous merchant could not but notice the sad and dejected mien of his friend, as he entered the store.

'How are you Joe? You are almost a stranger, lately. Where do you keep your furniture?' said Ben.

'Business, Ben; business!' replied Joe, demurely.

'Good! Business before pleasure.' 'Anything over the way to-day?' asked Joe; but the query was not put in the buoyant, elastic tone which had distinguished him in former times.

'A trifle; how much do you want returned?' Ben promptly.

'To tell the truth I am "bang up." I have got a note of \$400 to pay, and I have not yet raised the first dollar towards it.'

'You are late; it is half past one,' now said Ben, consulting his watch.

'Ben I am in a tight place,' said Joe, in a low solemn tone.

'Indeed! I am sorry to hear it,' and Ben's face wore an expression of sincere pity. 'Nothing serious I hope.'

'I am afraid so.'

'What can I do for you?' and the young merchant took down his cheque book, and examined the state of his bank account.

'I can give you a cheque for \$300 if that will do you any good,' continued he, taking up his pen to fill out the blank.

'Thank you, Ben, you are very kind, but I don't know as I ought to take it.'

'Not take it! why not?'

'If I should pay this, there is hardly a possibility that I could get through with the month.'

'So bad as that? I am sorry I am sorry to hear it.'

Smith and Jones advise me to make an assignment.

'How does it happen? I thought you were doing so well?'

'Business has been very dull for the last six months. Haven't you found it so?'

'Well, no; it has been driving with me.' Joe knew it had; indeed, his present visit was not to borrow money, but to prepare his friend for the 'smash,' which was now unavoidable.

'My sales have been light,' continued he; 'I can't account for it.'

'I can; look here, Joe.'

Ben took down his ledger, and pointed to the account 'Charges,' where the sum paid for advertising had been entered. On a slip of paper he had footed them up.

'Five hundred and sixty five dollars for advertising, Joe! That's what did the business.'

Joe was astonished. It was quite as much as he had paid for fine things in his house, and for parties and the opera, but the investment had been vastly more profitable, inasmuch as, taken in connection with his careful management of business and his economical manner of living, it had been the foundation of his future fortune. It had given him a good start in business; and a good start is half the battle.

Joe Weston failed, and paid only twenty cents on the dollar. His fine furniture was all sold, and he was obliged to board out. But in his extremity, Ben was his true friend. He received him into his house, and when his business was settled up took partnership.

The firm is one of the most respectable and prosperous in the city. Joe ever since his 'bang up,' believes in advertising, and any one who opens the Journal, or indeed any of the daily papers, cannot fail to notice the conspicuous advertisement of 'Weston & Co.'

The Bank of France had reduced its rates to the uniform figure of 6 per cent.

The commercial crisis continued very severe in the North of Europe, but at Hamburg affairs had begun to improve.

### LIVERPOOL BREAKFAST MARKET.

Richardson, Spence & Co., report:—Flour quiet, but steady. Western Corn, 23s a 25s; Philadelphia and Baltimore, 25s a 26s; Ohio, 27s a 28s; Wheat firm, and slightly higher, the improvement being mainly owing to the finer qualities. Red, 6s 2d a 7s 1d; White, 6s 10d a 7s. Corn firm. Mixed, 38s 6d; Yellow 33s 6d a 34s; White, 37s a 38s.

### LIVERPOOL PROVISION MARKET.

Byland, Atheya & Co., Richardson, Spence & Co., James' Moileary, and others, quote beef higher, and irregular. Pork dull, bacon dull, and slightly lower. Lard heavy, and nominal. Tallow quiet—butchers', 81s a 82s.

### LIVERPOOL PRODUCE MARKET.

Sugar had declined 6d a lb. Money market was slightly easier in London. Consols for account closed at 92 1/2. American stocks were generally dull and prices unchanged.

The Manchester market was dull, and prices of goods and yarn had considerably declined.

The Niagara passed Cape Race, her repairs not having been completed. The Niagara, at 6 p.m. yesterday 1st inst., passed the Canada buoy for Liverpool.

### Further by the Niagara.

On the 1st there was a further decided tendency towards relaxation in the London Money Market.

The failures were announced of E. Smith, wool stapler, of London, with large liabilities; and Saffell Brothers, woollen manufacturers, of Leeds—liabilities £200,000.

On the 17th confidence was more apparent, influenced by the Atlantic news and specie. Besides the suspension of Cheesborough & Son, of Bradford, that of the Dartford and Gravesend Bank was announced.

The launch of the Leviathan has been postponed sine die.

A memorial very influentially signed had been presented to Lord Palmerston in favor of representing in Parliament the educated classes.

FRANCE.

It was rumored that a general amnesty for newspaper offences would be proclaimed on New Year's Day; and that the decree of exile against Generals Bugeaud and Changarnier is to be repealed.

Belgium.

The Secret Chamber had passed a resolution in favor of repeal of Usury Law.

SPAIN.

An amnesty for political offences in the transatlantic possessions of Spain has been proclaimed.

PRUSSIA.



## New Advertisements.

For Sale—Ashlin & Macchiell.  
Teachers' Association—J. C. Moulton.  
Cant. G. H. Hubbard.  
Situations Wanted.  
Agriculture—Joseph Hartman.  
List of Letters—Wm. Roe.  
Piano for Sale—Wm. Wallis.

**Money Received.**  
On subscriptions to *New Era* since last announcement:  
Nelson May 75 cts.; T. W. Tyson \$1.50;  
G. S. Austin \$1.50; John W. Souta \$1.50;  
J. P. Davis \$1.50; Peter Stiles \$1.50; Chas.  
Long \$1.50; A. McKeen \$2; J. P. Foster \$1.50;  
H. P. Foster \$1.50; Joshua Jackson \$1.50; Dan-  
iel Kelly \$1.50; Thos. Patten \$1.50; Edward  
Brammer \$1.50; J. B. McLean \$1.50; Louis  
Dunham \$1.50; Thos. Moe \$1.50; Geo. Olin-  
er \$1.50; Rev. S. F. Ramsey \$1; Charles  
Reider \$1.50; Asa Rogers \$1.50.

## Agents for the "New Era"

AGENTS.—Messrs. Ashlin & Macchiell.  
KENTLEY—Mr. S. Snider.  
LEWISTOWN—Mr. J. J. Pearson.  
BROWNSVILLE—Messrs. Manning & Walker.  
BROOKLAND—Mr. John Bodley.  
HOLLAND LANDING—Mr. J. M. Raper.  
KING P. O.—Mr. John Hartman.  
EASTVILLE—Mr. J. Quibell.  
Agents will be appointed in other places  
as soon as proper persons can be selected.

## The New Era.

Newmarket, Friday Jan'y 8, 1858.

## General Summary

We beg to remind all who take an  
interest in our Common School, that the election  
of Trustees takes place at the Court House, New-  
market, on Wednesday next the 14th inst., at Two  
o'clock a.m.

Mr. J. T. Stokes of Sharon, lectures  
before the Mechanics' Institute, this (Friday) eve-  
ning. Subject: "Origin of Architecture." Chair  
to be taken at 7½ o'clock.

The Declaration of votes polled at the  
recent Parliamentary contest in this Riding,  
takes place at the Court House this day.  
Speeches will probably be made by both the  
successful and unsuccessful Candidates.

It is with pleasure we inform the friends  
of Joseph Hartman, Esq., M. P., that, that  
gentleman's health has so far recovered that  
he will be able to enter upon his parliamentary  
duties in February next, with equal vigor to  
any previous occasion.

An Adjourned Meeting of the Mechan-  
ics' Institute will be held on Monday evening  
next, the 11th inst., to receive the Report of the  
Delegates appointed to attend the Board of  
Arts and Manufacturers' Meeting at Toronto.  
A full attendance of members is requested.

## The Result.

We present our readers to-day with a list  
of the returns to our Provincial Parliament of  
the successful candidates.

It must be truly gratifying to every lover  
of good Government to perceive the unim-  
portable manner in which the greater number  
of the constituencies have spoken relative to  
the most corrupt administration that ever held  
the seals of office.

Of the fifty-nine Upper Canadian Members  
already returned, thirty-seven have spoken in a  
unanimous, so plain, that we at once are driven  
to the conclusion that the days of J. A. Mac-  
donald & Co., are already numbered; indeed  
to all intents and purposes the firm may now  
be said to be dissolved, as the man of Mail  
Bags "has not where to lay his head." Cayley,  
like the Dove we read of, is seeking for a  
place on which to rest the sole of his foot;  
but with all the help received from Cartier,  
and other Ministerialists in the Lower Province  
no place can be found for him; we recommend  
the poor man to return to his disconsolate fam-  
ily and seek repose for the rest of his life in  
the domestic circle. And what should we say  
of the Receiver General (J. C. Morrison.)  
South Ontario, as was predicted, rejected him  
indignantly.

There is therefore we say no ministry properly  
speaking in Canada at this moment.

On the appointment of a new Ministry,  
(which must of necessity be taken from the  
ranks of the Opposition) we warn our friends  
not to expect too much from them when in  
power. There are many considerations which  
lead us to give advice on this point. In the  
first place the exchequer at present is empty,  
the country in a state bordering on bankrupt-  
cy. The want of money is so perceptibly felt  
that it would be folly to throw into market  
any portion of the Government Lands expect-  
ing to realize therefrom. In the next place,  
the new administration will have to settle the  
bankrupt estate and a considerable time must  
elapse before any good will appear to result  
from the labours of the men who next take  
office.

And all the dis-organization of the affairs of  
the country at the present time, and all the  
recklessness of those who have for three years,  
held the helm of state and who have been  
guiding the ship into the most dangerous shoals  
and breakers, amid the dishonesty which has  
in Upper Canada, for some years past, been  
attached to the name of a Minister of the  
Crown, we predict that when once the oppo-  
sition get into power there will be a faithful  
discharge of duty, a fearless straightforward  
course, no bowing down to Lower Canada,  
to the disadvantage of the Upper Province.  
We expect to see the Sectional School clause  
swept from the Statute Book, so to enable all  
classes to meet together without invidious dis-  
tinctions being drawn on account of creed.

The question of Representation by Popula-  
tion will no doubt be brought forward when  
Upper Canada will have voted to her the  
rights for which the minority of the late Par-  
liament have so manfully struggled.

## North York Branch Ag. Society.

The Annual General Meeting of the above  
Society took place in the Court House, New-  
market, on Wednesday last, the 6th inst.

The President, Col. Bercford, in the  
chair.

The Secretary being absent, through illness,  
Mr. A. Stevens was requested to act in his  
place.

The meeting then proceeded to the elec-

The following is the result:—

Mr. N. Allan Gamble—President.  
Mr. Alfred Stevens—Vice-President.  
Mr. E. Jackson—Secretary.  
Mr. M. W. Bogan—Treasurer.

## DIRECTORS.

Messrs. John Rogers, Major, Stephenson,  
James Halliday, Francis Smith, Pemberton  
Hartley, Joshua Wilton, Thomas Lloyd, (of  
Whitchurch,) George Harrison, and John W.  
Bogan.

On motion of R. H. Smith, Esq., second-  
ed by Mr. Wm. Wallis, it was resolved that  
immediate steps be taken to raise the neces-  
sary number of members to form an Elector-  
al Agricultural Society, under the provisions  
of the Act 20 Vic., cap. 32, for the North  
Riding of the County of York, and that the  
Warden be requested to call a meeting for  
the organization of said Society.

On motion of J. D. Phillips, Esq., second-  
ed by Mr. J. S. Wilkin, it was ordered that  
the meeting referred to in the foregoing resolution  
take place at Sharon, on the 16th inst.

The meeting then adjourned.

## Municipal Elections.

The following are the returns, so far as  
heard from, of Councillors for the various  
Municipalities in this Riding:  
NEWARK—Donald Sutherland, E.  
Jackson, Wm. Wallis, Wm. Roe, Geo. H.  
Bache.

WHITCHURCH—Joseph Hartman, Esq.,  
Maxson Jones, Philip Mackenzie, Edward  
Wheler, Esq., and Joseph Taylor.

KING—John D. Phillips, Wm. Moore, Capt.  
Armstrong, J. Ireland and Pearson Wells,  
East Gwillimbury—H. D. Stiles, Esq.,  
Wm. McLeod, John Eves, jr., Wm. Holborn  
and Geo. Travis.

## Correspondence.

We wish to be distinctly understood that we are  
not responsible for the opinions of our correspondents.

To the Editor of the *New Era*.

DEAR SIR,—I beg to inform your numerous  
readers through the columns of the *Era* the  
result of the first Municipal Election in the  
Incorporated Village of Newmarket.

On Monday the 5th inst., at 11 o'clock a.m.  
John Bogan, Esq., Returning Officer, called  
upon the electors to nominate the Candidates  
from which to choose the Council.

The following gentlemen were nominated:—  
Messrs. Roe, Wallis, Smith, Pyne, Irwin, Gor-  
ham, Jackson, Marsden, Sutherland, Davison,  
Bache, Caldwell and McKay. The latter gen-  
tlemen expressed his wishes to retire, which  
was agreed to.

On a show of hands being made, the suc-  
cessful candidates appeared to be Messrs.  
Sutherland, Jackson, Wallis, Smith and Roe.  
A poll being demanded by the unsuccessful  
candidates, the Returning Officer opened the  
poll books; the voters however, light back,  
not more than eight persons having voted on  
the first day.

On Tuesday, the poll was opened at 11  
o'clock, when the contest commenced.  
Throughout the day it soon became manifest  
that the struggle for honors lay between Messrs.  
Sutherland, Jackson, Wallis, Roe, Bache,  
Smith, Davidson and Gorham, the other can-  
didates having either signified their intention  
to retire, or being so far behind that it was  
thought by their friends that no good would  
result from their being voted for. At the close  
of the poll, the Returning Officer announced the  
result to be in favor of Messrs. Sutherland,  
Jackson, Wallis, Roe and Bache.

We regretted very much, Mr. Editor, that  
you were unable to be present, on account of  
your severe indisposition, the rest of the Coun-  
cillors elect, thanked the electors for the posi-  
tion in which they had been placed by them.  
On a call for the unsuccessful candidates,  
Messrs. Gorham Smith and Davison responded,  
each of whom in a few remarks pertinent  
to the occasion showed their hearty concur-  
rence in the result, after which all went to their  
homes apparently well satisfied.

We were much struck with one fact, viz:  
That the people of Newmarket know how to  
conduct themselves at the elections in a man-  
ner that reflects great credit upon them; we  
did not hear, throughout the day, the slightest  
discord, everything went off peaceably, and  
we augur from the harmony which prevailed  
during an exciting time, that there will exist  
at the Council Board throughout the year the  
like harmony and good feeling.

Yours, &c.,  
T.

P. S.—I learn that the electors of the Town-  
ship of Whitchurch have decided that Messrs.  
Hartman, Jones, Taylor, Wheeler and Mack-  
lam, shall compose the Council for the present  
year.

## Foreign and Colonial.

## Board of Arts and Manufacturers.

A meeting of the Board of Arts and Man-  
ufacturers was held in their Rooms on King St.,  
yesterday afternoon. The President, Mr. W.  
Jarvis, was called to the chair.

The Secretary and Treasurer, Mr. Robert  
Edwards, then read the minutes of the former  
meeting, which was sustained.

The following report was then read and  
adopted.

## REPORT.

The Sub-Committee of the Board of Arts and  
Manufacturers beg leave to report:—

"That since their appointment in August last  
they have had communication with the several  
Mechanics' Institutes within the Province of  
Upper Canada upon the subjects connected  
with the Board of Arts and Manufacturers  
generally, and more particularly with reference  
to their active co-operation in carrying out  
the object contemplated by the Act of the Legis-  
lature establishing the Board.

The several Institutes have been applied to  
respecting the employment of a competent  
person to give lectures during the early part  
of the ensuing year, and out of sixty Institutes  
thirty have consented to bear their proportion  
of the expenses necessarily to be incurred by  
the lecturer in travelling from Toronto to their  
respective localities. A lecturer has conse-  
quently been appointed, who will proceed to  
perform his duties, as soon as a programme  
for his guidance can be prepared.

The short interval which has elapsed since  
the formation of the Committee, and the few  
matters which were committed to them by the  
Board have necessarily rendered their duties

of a very limited nature. The Committee  
however consider that a commencement has  
been made, which if pursued with vigor, and  
if the Board be sustained by the several Insti-  
tutes and mechanics and citizens generally,  
they trust much good will result during the  
ensuing year.

With the funds at the disposal of the Board,  
but few of the objects contemplated by the  
Legislature could be accomplished, much less  
carried out. The Committee have provided  
and furnished rooms for holding their meetings  
of the Board, and have the satisfaction of com-  
municating to the Board that the Minister of  
Agriculture has placed at their disposal, for  
exhibition, the Models of all the articles for  
which patents have been granted by the Gov-  
ernment, and has also placed upon their shelves  
many valuable works and drawings which are  
open to the inspection of members of the  
Board, and of such others as may be desirous  
to inspect and refer to them.

The statute under the Board has been or-  
ganized will require some amendments; and a  
committee has been appointed to prepare an  
amended Bill to be laid before the Legislature  
at its next session; and no doubt is entertain-  
ed that, with the assistance of the Minister of  
Agriculture, the necessary alterations will take  
place.

In closing this report the Committee re-  
spectfully urge upon the delegates of the sev-  
eral Institutes and Boards of Trade the policy  
of uniting and co-operating with the sub-Com-  
mittee for 1858, in their endeavors to carry  
out the provision of the statute—and also to ex-  
press their influence with the mechanics and citi-  
zens generally to conjoin them to send speci-  
mens of their works for exhibition at the Bazaar  
of the Board.

The Sub-Committee has to report the dif-  
ficulties under which they have frequently la-  
bored in order to obtain a quorum for the  
transaction of business, and respectfully sug-  
gest, in selecting the Committee for 1858,  
such persons only be placed thereon as would  
readily give their attendance.

The Committee append the report of the  
Treasurer of the receipts and expenditure since  
the organization of the Board.

All which is respectfully submitted.  
W. B. JARVIS, President.  
R. EDWARDS, Secretary.  
Board Room; Toronto, Jan. 8th, 1858.

The following officers were subsequently  
elected for the current year:—  
President—W. B. Jarvis, Toronto.  
Vice-President—Dr. Beatty, Cobourg.  
Sec. & Treas.—W. Edwards, Toronto.

## SUB-COMMITTEE.

Professor Cook, Toronto.  
John Harrington, Hamilton.  
Dr. Craigie, Hamilton.  
J. E. Pell, Toronto.  
Robert Edwards, Toronto.  
Patrick Freeland, Toronto.  
F. W. Cumberland, Toronto.  
Col. Bercford, Newmarket.  
Wm. May, Toronto.

Mr. R. Edwards declined being nominated  
for Secretary and Treasurer this year, as he  
did not wish to hold these offices in conjunction  
with those in the Mechanics' Institute.

The Chairman then alluded to the possibility  
of bringing about a union between that board  
and the Canadian Institute, so far as the Li-  
brary and Museum were concerned. On be-  
half of that Institute a committee had been  
appointed to confer with this board on the  
subject. The Canadian Institute had some  
£2,000 in funds, along with a good library  
and museum. They contemplate erecting new  
buildings; and in such case it would be well  
to consider whether such a union could not  
take place. He would suggest the propriety  
of appointing a committee to confer with the  
committee of the Institute in the matter, and  
report at the next meeting.

Mr. F. W. Cumberland expressed himself  
in favor of such an union and hoped the Me-  
chanics' Institute would be included in the  
union. At present, from a want of concentra-  
tion, the efforts of the several Institutes were  
not so successful as they might otherwise be.

Mr. Pell thought such a union would be  
most disadvantageous. At present the Me-  
chanics' Institute was in a very flourishing  
condition; and he could not see the utility  
of a union of that Institute with the Cana-  
dian Institute. The latter was a very scientific  
society, whereas the former was designed  
for the working classes.

Professor Hincks advocated a general union  
for the benefit of the Libraries and Mus-  
eums. Such an union need not interfere  
with the special objects of each institution.

Mr. F. W. Cumberland, seconded by Mr.  
Pell, then moved that it be an instruction to  
the sub-committee of the Board to confer with  
the Canadian and Mechanics' Institutes and  
Board of Agriculture, as to the possibility of  
uniting the efforts of those various bodies, so  
far as their actions may be common to all.

—Carried.

Mr. Cumberland, seconded by Professor  
Hincks, next moved that it be an instruction  
to the sub-committee to confer with the  
Chief Superintendent of the schools with a  
view of promoting the practical use of the  
maps and drawings in the School of Arts,  
for the instruction specially of persons en-  
gaged in industrial art.

Mr. Pell thought that pupils ought to be  
taught from plain drawings and not highly  
colored oil paintings. Among the collec-  
tions of oil paintings in the Normal School,  
there were several, which it was thought  
by many, were not what they ought to be.

Mr. Cumberland said, that so far as he  
had heard, the collection in the school, was  
rather more illustrative of the historical  
succession of the art of painting, than as  
specimens of the old masters. What he  
would desire to promote was the teaching of  
apprentices the art of drawing, and from  
thence, say, the art of sculpture. Jacques  
and Hays' young men, for instance, might  
thus be brought to study those arts allied to  
their business.

The resolution was then put and carried.  
Mr. Pell, seconded by Mr. Shadwick,  
moved that this Board offer a 1st prize of  
£25, and a 2nd of £12 10s, for the first  
and second best essays on the present man-  
ufactures of Upper Canada, with suggestions  
for their extension and improvement, to be  
sent in under cover of the Secretary, ten  
days prior to the next Provincial Exhibition,  
when the award of the judges, who are to  
be appointed by the Sub-Committee of the  
Board will be declared in such a manner as  
that Sub-Committee might determine.

The resolution was ultimately adopted;  
and after some discussion the Board adjourned.

## Seizure of Canton.

(From the London Times, December 15.)

It will gratify all but a very small section  
of the community to know that the execution  
of proper amendments for the Canton occur-  
ring is likely to be no longer delayed. The course  
of action which was recommended by our  
correspondents some months since, no doubt in  
accordance with the prevailing opinion of the  
English on the spot, is about to be adopted.

At the departure of the last mail, it had been  
fully determined to seize and hold Canton un-  
til reparation had been made for the excesses  
of Yeh and his satellites.

It certainly shows the spirit of candour  
of this country that in such a hour of national  
trial, with a vast army of troops, and our  
General surrounded by tens of thousands of  
enemies in regions of Asia, we are yet  
coolly preparing to attack the most populous  
republic of the Chinese Empire, and, if neces-  
sary, to carry the warfare up to the capital of  
its empire, and its numerous provinces.  
Though it is wonderful that the country should  
at such a time be able to spare troops at all,  
yet, as might be expected, the force which is  
to average our insults is far from large. Even  
the full complement of sailors is not to be  
had.

The *Shannon*, which with two or three  
other vessels, had detached with Captain  
Pell's naval brigade, was despatched under  
home for China service, and directed under  
the pressure of the sternest necessity. Sev-  
eral steamers have also been sent to Calcutta,  
thus still further diminishing the force avail-  
able for any warlike achievement. But on  
the other hand, some reinforcements have ar-  
rived, and our countrymen, who do not seem  
to count odds, are disposed to make the best  
of what they have, and to commence opera-  
tions at once.

Within a short time it was hoped that the  
General in command would have from 2 to  
3,000 soldiers and marines, and these, with  
the blue jackets, might be trusted to attack  
even Canton with its millions of mob. Gen-  
eral Ashburnham had left for India, and was  
succeeded by General Straubenzee, who had  
become highly popular, and was looked upon  
as a commander of skill, activity, and daring.  
The gunboats were arriving daily, and, when  
united, were likely to play an important part  
in the series of operations.

The hope that something would at last be  
done had cheered men of every rank; all  
were anxious for the signal to ascend the Can-  
ton river. The authorities had come to the  
same conclusion as the whole body of military  
and civilians—namely, that it was better to  
treat the dispute as a local affair, and to deal  
with Canton as if its ruler had acted inde-  
pendently of the Imperial power. So the  
expedition of Lord Elgin to the Peiho, was  
definitely abandoned, and diplomacy had de-  
termined to wait until the sword had done its  
work. This decision certainly seems most  
wise. We have before dwelt upon the singu-  
lar relations in which we find ourselves with  
respect to the Chinese people. The Celestials  
as a nation will not quarrel with us. Can-  
ton is blockaded, but at all the other ports  
business goes on as briskly as ever. Shang-  
hai and Ningpo are, in fact, thriving on the  
periphery of the Southern table. English-  
men are admitted freely into the country, pen-  
etrate into districts never before visited, as-  
cend the canal, gaze on the quays and boats,  
the temples and villas, and all the other won-  
ders of this isolated civilization.

They are received everywhere with a kind  
of merry curiosity, and even allowed by Man-  
darins and custom-house officers to pass with-  
out payment of the usual dues. It would cer-  
tainly be as foolish as cruel to use any harsh  
measures against this population merely on the  
theoretical grounds that the central Govern-  
ment is responsible for the acts of its officials  
and that the people must expiate the misdeeds  
of its Government.

As it is, then, out of the question to do  
more than occupy as harmlessly as possible  
one or two points toward the North, and as it  
is moreover certain that such an occupation  
would be of no effect in bringing the Court  
to reason, it follows that we must strike the  
blow where it has been deserved, and where  
it is likely to produce the results we desire.  
It is the opinion of those on the spot that the  
seizure, and occupation of Canton will obtain  
the reparation which the dignity of the coun-  
try requires, and also lead to a more perma-  
nent intercourse between China and the civil-  
ized world. We must, therefore, with every  
success to the bold measure on which the  
English commanders have decided.

A free communication with the Court of  
Peking might also be insisted upon, for it is im-  
possible that the country which governs India,  
and into whose Malay and Australian posses-  
sions the Chinese flock by thousands, can con-  
sent to be misrepresented in the councils of the  
Emperor.

It is probable that the tale of the Indian  
victories, which has, ere this, penetrated into  
the depths of Asia, will, if followed by vigor-  
ous proceedings at Canton, induce the Chi-  
nese Court to accede to Lord Elgin's demand.  
But if it should still be obstinate the rice  
junks which supply Peking will prove to the  
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## MEMBERS RETURNED.

## UPPER CANADA.

|                                        | Ministerial. | Opposition. | Independent. |
|----------------------------------------|--------------|-------------|--------------|
| Kingston, John A. Macdonald.....       | 1            | 0           | 0            |
| Frontenac, Henry Smith.....            | 1            | 0           | 0            |
| Hamilton, Isaac Buchanan.....          | 1            | 0           | 0            |
| Simcoe North, Angus Morrison.....      | 1            | 0           | 0            |
| London, Wm. Carling.....               | 1            | 0           | 0            |
| Wellington South, D. Stirling.....     | 1            | 0           | 0            |
| Northumberland West, S. Smith.....     | 1            | 0           | 0            |
| Brookville, Geo. Sterwood.....         | 1            | 0           | 0            |
| Ottawa, R. W. Scott.....               | 1            | 0           | 0            |
| Wentworth North, W. Neilson.....       | 1            | 0           | 0            |
| Oxford North, George Brown.....        | 1            | 0           | 0            |
| Haldon, John White.....                | 1            | 0           | 0            |
| Pell, J. C. Atkins.....                | 1            | 0           | 0            |
| Toronto, Geo. Brown.....               | 1            | 0           | 0            |
| J. B. Robinson.....                    | 1            | 0           | 0            |
| Elgin West, G. Macbeth.....            | 1            | 0           | 0            |
| Northumberland East, Jo. R. Clark..... | 1            | 0           | 0            |
| Durham East, F. W. Burton.....         | 1            | 0           | 0            |
| York East, A. Wright.....              | 1            | 0           | 0            |
| Peterboro', T. Short.....              | 1            | 0           | 0            |
| Carleton, W. F. Powell.....            | 1            | 0           | 0            |
| Elgin East, L. Burwell.....            | 1            | 0           | 0            |
| Simcoe South, L. R. Ferguson.....      | 1            | 0           | 0            |
| Hastings South, L. O. Wallbridge.....  | 1            | 0           | 0            |
| Wellington North, Charles Allan.....   | 1            | 0           | 0            |
| Lennox and Addington, D. Roblin.....   | 1            | 0           | 0            |
| Lancaster North, R. Bell.....          | 1            | 0           | 0            |
| Huron and Bruce, John Holmes.....      | 1            | 0           | 0            |
| Lambton, M. Cameron.....               | 1            | 0           | 0            |
| Hastings North, George Benjamin.....   | 1            | 0           | 0            |
| Durham West, Henry Munro.....          | 1            | 0           | 0            |
| Russell, G. B. Lyons.....              | 1            | 0           | 0            |
| Midsex East, M. Talbot.....            | 1            | 0           | 0            |
| Kent, A. McKellar.....                 | 1            | 0           | 0            |
| Brant East, D. Christie.....           | 1            | 0           | 0            |
| Prescott, H. W. McCann.....            | 1            | 0           | 0            |
| Welland, G. McKinnon.....              | 1            | 0           | 0            |
| Lanark South, J. Playfair.....         | 1            | 0           | 0            |
| Midsex West, J. Scatterd.....          | 1            | 0           | 0            |
| Niagara, J. Simpson.....               | 1            | 0           | 0            |
| Ontario North, J. Gould.....           | 1            | 0           | 0            |
| Perth, T. M. Daly.....                 | 1            | 0           | 0            |
| Waterloo North, W. H. Foley.....       | 1            | 0           | 0            |
| Ontario South, Oliver Stewart.....     | 1            | 0           | 0            |
| York West, W. P. Howland.....          | 1            | 0           | 0            |
| York North, John S. Macdonald.....     | 1            | 0           | 0            |
| York North, J. Hartman.....            | 1            | 0           | 0            |
| Prince Edward, Dr. Dorland.....        | 1            | 0           | 0            |
| Leeds & Grengille, Dr. Church.....     | 1            | 0           | 0            |
| Greenville, Wm. Patrick.....           | 1            | 0           | 0            |
| Wentworth South, J. Rymal.....         | 1            | 0           | 0            |
| Dundas, Mr. Cook.....                  | 1            | 0           | 0            |

ford South, Dr. Condo.....  
Russell, J. L. McDougall.....  
Essex, A. Rankin.....  
Grey, J. S. Logan.....  
Norfolk, W. Powell.....  
Lincoln, W. H. Merritt.....

St. Hyacinthe.....L. V. Scotte.  
Sherbrooke.....A. T. Galt.  
Verdun.....A. A. Morin.  
Montreal.....A. A. Morin.  
Do.....D'Arcy McGee.  
Do.....John Rose.  
Verdun.....G. L. Cartier.  
Jacques Cartier.....Dr. Cassie.  
Two Mountains.....J. H. Danost.  
Laprairie.....T. J. J. Loranger.  
Hochelaga.....Mr. Laporte.  
St. John.....Mr. Bourassa.  
Shedden.....Mr. Drummond.  
Montreal.....Mr. Dufresne.  
Brome.....Mr. M. Fettes.  
Laval.....Mr. Labelle.  
Richelieu.....Mr. Sintesnes.  
Yamaska.....Mr. Gull.  
Nicolet.....Mr. Gaudet.  
Missisquoi.....Mr. H. H. Whitney.  
St. Maurice.....Dr. Desaulniers.  
Kamouraska.....Mr. Chapias.  
Bellevue.....Mr. Fortier.  
Compton.....Mr. J. M. Pope.  
Levi.....Mr. Lemieux.  
Rouville.....Major Campbell.  
Argenteuil.....Mr. Abbott.  
Bagot.....Mr. Laframboise.  
Quebec.....C. Allen.  
Do.....G. Simard.  
Do.....H. Dibrord.  
Berthier.....J. Piche.  
Napierville.....J. O. Bureau.  
Joliet.....Mr. G. G. G.  
St. Louis.....







## Amusement.

## OF MIT HIS HEAD.

A breathless excited individual, says a late number of the *San Francisco Morning Call*, rushed into the police office yesterday and inquired for the chief.

"What do you want of him?" inquired an impassive officer.

"I want," said he with Teutonic accent, "I want him to kill a tam to get rid of it."

"Ah, you wish an order of execution issued against a vicious canine," said the officer.

"No, I want him to kill a tam to get rid of it," said the man, "I want him to kill a tam to get rid of it."

"Ah, now I see," said the impassive temperance, "you require authority to proceed with force of arms against the dangerous animal."

"Mine Got, no-dat ish not vot I want. I want to get to him to kill a tam to get rid of it."

"I want him to kill a tam to get rid of it," said the man, "I want him to kill a tam to get rid of it."

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## Miscellaneous Advertisements.

**SAMUEL ROADHOUSE**, respectfully thanks his friends and customers, for the liberal support he has received since commencing business, and hopes, from the quality of his work and attention to his customers, to be favored with a continuance of the same. A variety of  
Sofas, Beds, Bedsteads, Washstands, Bedroom Tables, Toilet Glasses, &c., &c.  
Always on hand. Orders for all kinds of **CARPENTRY WORK**, punctually attended to.  
Newmarket, Oct. 31, 1857. (15-1)

## FUNERALS FURNISHED.

**COFFINS**, all sizes, kept constantly on hand. A great variety of Laces, Plates, and Handles for Coffins.  
Newmarket, Oct. 31, 1857. (15-1)

## WAR! WAR! WAR!

Upon Bad Work and High Prices.

## REMOVAL.

**THE** undersigned, in returning thanks for the very liberal patronage bestowed since commencing business in this place, respectfully intimates to his friends and customers that he has **REMOVED TO HIS NEW PREMISES**, Nearly opposite Mr. Morris' Grocery.

**MAIN STREET, NEWMARKET.** Where he will be most happy to wait upon those who may feel disposed to entrust him with their orders.

**BOOTS AND SHOES.** Of all descriptions, Ready-Made, kept constantly on hand. As the work is all executed under his own supervision, he has great confidence in recommending it to the public.

**J. RHINEHART.**  
Newmarket, May 14, 1857. (15-15)

## Stores and Dwellings to be Let!

**THE** undersigned respectfully intimates to the business community, that his new and spacious **STORES AND DWELLINGS**, Recently erected on Main Street, almost adjoining the Post Office, Newmarket, and located in the central part of the Town, are now ready for occupancy, and will be let on moderate terms.

**ROBERT COOK.**  
Newmarket, Sept. 2nd, 1857. (15-31)

"Yah, all right. I goes straight off to to to owner of te tog and kills him."

"The man!"

"No, te tog. You make tam fool of yourself by saying tog ven I means man, and ven I means man you say tog. Now you can go to te river!" And the German hurried away to mete out vengeance to the animal who had crossed him in his "glorious path."

"The man who would 'take no note of time short of three per cent. a month,' lately asked for an extension."

"A mob of women assembled in Logan, Ohio, on the 17th ult., and demolished all the coffee-houses in the village."

"Associate yourself only with men of good quality if you esteem your reputation, for it is better to be alone than in bad company."

"Borrowed horses and your own spurs make short miles," is a Danish rendering of a rather universal practice."

"Pa, ain't I growing tall?" "Why, what is your height, sonny?" "Why, I'm seven feet lacking a yard. Ain't that some old loss?"

"Every one ought to have a wife. Our devil," says, "if a man is happily married," his "rib" is worth all the other bones in his body."

"An editor who was very short of travelling funds sat upon a saw horse for an imaginary journey in the country, and wrote letters home for his paper."

"A man was lately sent to the Worcester Lunatic Asylum, for persisting in planting horse chens in expectation of raising sorrel colts."

"In these hard times men should be especially careful in their selection of their wives. It is much better to choose one of small stature, than of small soasts."

"Said a gentleman to his friend, the other day, 'Times are improving, and men are getting on their legs again. How is it?'"

"Why, those who used to ride in their carriages now walk."

"At a recent exhibition of a menagerie, an elephant was seen to pick up the loose hair with his trunk, when an Irishman exclaimed, 'An what sort of a bust is that aitia' hay with his tail!'"

"I want the Spirit that will look Temptation in the face, and say: 'Begone!' said a boy to his sister. 'And one thing more—you want God's spectacles, to know temptation when he comes,' answered the sister; 'for he don't always show his colors.'"

**DEAD AND ALIVE.**—A young man meeting an acquaintance said, "I heard that you were dead."—"But," says the other, "you see me alive."—"I do not know that that may be," replied he, "you are a notorious liar; but my informant was a person of credit."

A particular form of test, that succeeds perfectly well in one instance, may not do at all in others. We must be careful not to fall into mistakes as the simple country girl, who, having seen a laundress spit upon a flat iron to ascertain if it was hot, spit in her smoking porridge to see if it would burn her mouth.

"It's never too late to do right; a gentleman began to study grammar after he had written for the press ten years. It's never too late to get married; Naomi, the daughter of Enoch, took her first husband at the age of five hundred and eight. It is sometimes too late to 'pop the question'; a man once did so to a 'charming vidder,' just as she had reached the house after burying her first husband. "You are too late," was the reply.

**GOOD SECURITY.**—"Uncle Oliver," said the pastor of a country church to an elderly farmer of his flock, "I wish you would carry a load of wood to old Mrs. W., the widow of our Christian brother, who lived so long just beyond you on the road to D—."

"I will try to do it," said the farmer, "but to whom shall I look for the pay?"

"Read," said the pastor, "when you go home, the first three verses of the 41st Psalm, and then, if you want any better security, that call on me."

It was but a few days after that the old gentleman met his pastor, and said, "I like that security that you mentioned, and have no fear that it will fail me, in spite of need; for my heart so full, the assurance, when reading that, I could scarcely close my eyes that night."

**W. C. ADAMS.**  
Doctor of Dental Surgery,  
HAS commenced practice at this Rooms, No. 66, King Street East, where he may be consulted in all cases relative to his profession.  
Particular attention given to the regulation of children's Teeth.  
CONSULTATIONS FREE.  
All work Warranted.  
Toronto, June 5th, 1856. (15-18)

**SHAW'S**  
"Ramblings in California."  
PUBLISHED this day, in a lively and interesting manner, the adventures of a young man, every one should read it.  
To be had of all booksellers, or at the publisher's, JAMES BAIN,  
37, KING STREET EAST  
Toronto, May 14, 1857. (15-15)

**Hats that are Hats!**  
S. P. COLEMAN,  
The London Practical  
Hatter & Furrier,  
19 KING ST. WEST TORONTO,  
Opposite the Globe Office.  
Cleaned and Pressed. Furs Cleaned and Altered.  
CASH PAID FOR RAV FURS.  
Toronto, April 3, 1857. (15-10)

**Blank Account Books.**  
A LOT Blank Account Books, such as Ledgers, Day Books, &c., ruled for Double and Single entry, for sale cheap. Apply at  
NEW ERA OFFICE  
Newmarket, November 20th, 1855. (15-10)

**Artificial Teeth.**  
Inserted on Gold Plate or Silver, Teeth cleaned from impurities, or any other branch of Dental Surgery skillfully performed and warranted. Also, particular attention paid to the regulation of children's Teeth.  
Dr. B. N. Peck called especial attention to the fact, that where work has been warranted, and for which he still holds himself responsible, during the past eight years, and another Dentist is employed to operate in the same month, the guarantee in all cases, so far as he is concerned, will cease.  
In addition he would state that any person particularly desiring his services, at any time, by leaving a written request at his residence, Mr. Forsyth's Hotel, will be attended to.  
For operations over One Pound credit will be given if required.  
Newmarket, 1856 (15-10)

**DR. S. N. PECK,**  
SURGEON DENTIST,  
In returning thanks for the liberal patronage hitherto extended to him during the past eight years, respectfully intimates he will be at the following places, as usual:  
NEWMARKET—The 1st, 2nd and 3rd of each and every month.  
BRADFORD—On the 4th of every month.  
BOZE HEAD—On the 6th and 7th of May, July, September, November, January and March, next ensuing; and—  
NEWBERRY—On the 8th and 9th of the same months above mentioned.  
AURORA—The last day of each month except it comes on Sunday.  
When he will be happy to wait upon those requiring his services in any of the Branches of his Profession.

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## Newmarket Advertisements.

**NEW WATCH & JEWELRY STORE,**  
MAIN STREET,  
Opposite Healey's North American Hotel,  
NEWMARKET.

**CHARLES J. FISHER**, began respectfully to acquaint the inhabitants of Newmarket and vicinity that he is extending on the above, and on a scale commensurate with the importance of the place, a large and handsome assortment of Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Silver and Plated Ware.  
At the very lowest remunerative prices.  
No more occasion for sending your Watches and Clocks to Toronto to be repaired, as C. J. F. is a first class practical workman and will warrant all repairs entrusted to his care.  
Newmarket, Sept. 2nd, 1857. (15-31)

## AMBROTYPES!

**H. M. BRAMBLE**  
INVITES attention to his unrivalled Ambrotypes, the primitive Daguerreotype, viz:—Greater Durability, (as their name implies—Ambrotypes being derived from the Greek "Ambrotus," and signifies "imperishable.") Clearness, Richness, and Beauty of appearance. They are taken from the most reliable process, and can therefore be seen in any light or taken in any kind of weather.

**Letter Portraits!**  
Mr. Bramble is now taking a new and beautiful kind of picture for sending in Letters, without increasing the postage. They are as clear and Brilliant as Ambrotypes—being taken by a similar process, and can therefore be seen in any light or taken in any kind of weather.

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